

Policy title	Compensation Policy and Procedure	
Summary	This Policy establishes a consistent framework for the payment of compensation awards	
Scope	The policy applies to all employees and board/committee members who are involved in dealing with complaints and awarding compensation on MSV's behalf.	
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Business Area	Customer Services	
Document Status	Draft V2.1	
Document Reference	Customer Experience/Complaints	
Dates:		
- Draft	11/03/24	
- Ratified	27/03/24	
- Effective From	01/04/24	
- Review Due by	February 2027	
Impact Assessments: Date EIA completed	Attached	
Date other IAs completed	n/a	
Consultation	Senior Leadership Team Project Group	

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Contents Page

- 1. Policy Purpose and Scope
- 2. Policy
- 3. Definitions
- 4. Roles & Responsibilities
- 5. Monitoring, Review & Evaluation
- 6. Related Documents
- 7. Appendices



1. Policy Purpose and Scope

The Compensation Policy sets out MSV's approach to awarding financial compensation to our customers who have suffered some form of loss, inconvenience, or distress because of actions or inaction (such as a service failure or decisions made) by us or where we have failed to follow our published policies.

The Compensation Policy has been developed to ensure we have a fair and transparent approach to the way we manage compensation offers and requests.

Our customers and communities are widely varied, diverse and multi-ethnic. We want to embrace this diversity, and make sure our homes and services meet the different needs and aspirations of all.

It ensures we comply with all statutory and regulatory compensation obligations. In exceptional circumstances it may be appropriate to compensate members of the Public with whom MSV has no contractual obligation. However, this will be on an exception basis and approved by the Head of Customer Experience.

This guidance has been written to ensure our approach to remedy and redress considers our regulatory obligations as well as the guidance offered by the Housing Ombudsman Service. It should be read alongside the Complaints Policy, and the Ombudsman Service Remedies/Resolution/Compensation Guidance. It aligns with the requirements of the Regulator of Social Housing's Tenant Involvement and Empowerment Standard and is in line with our corporate values.

In terms of overarching principles. we support a transparent and consistent approach when dealing with compensation.

This policy applies to all areas of the business and to all customers. We take into account particular vulnerabilities of customers.

Definitions: -

- **Compensation** a financial payment to make amends or to recognise inconvenience caused as a result of a service failure.
- **Goodwill gestures** a discretionary financial or other gesture given to recognise a shortcoming in the way we have delivered our service.



2. Policy

2.1 Conditions for claim and award

- Claims must be substantiated with appropriate proofs of purchase or other evidence of value and evidence of loss.
- All payments are made without prejudice (without detriment to any existing right or claim).
- MSV will not pay compensation for items that should be covered by home contents insurance. It is the responsibility of each customer to ensure adequate home contents insurance.
- If damage to contents is found to be directly caused by MSV negligence, this
 may be compensated for regardless of whether the customer has contents
 insurance. Customers must be able to provide evidence of a claim by
 providing one or more of the following:
 - Photographs of the damaged items (including stickers on items such as TVs and appliances that show the make and model).
 - Evidence for inspection should be retained if the situation allows for this.
 - Receipts for damaged belongings or proof of costs such as bank or credit card statements.

MSV will arrange to carry out an assessment of any alleged damage and take pictures or video footage to enable a fair assessment of costs to be ascertained. Where evidence cannot be provided MSV will not consider a claim.

- Claims must be made within 90 days of the incident being claimed for.
- Calculation of amounts due, if not determined by statute, will be based on a
 fair assessment of the costs incurred. Our service standards for new build
 properties differ in the first 12 months after they are built and occupied
 because the original builder is responsible for repairs and defects. This is
 also the case for products under warranty or guarantee.
- MSV will always obtain written agreement from the customer before
 organising the payment. This agreement should confirm that the offer is
 made without prejudice and that the customer accepts the amount of
 compensation awarded, as full and final settlement of their claim & their
 complaint.
- Compensation will be paid within 28 days of the claim with details of how the final figure was calculated.
- If customers are dissatisfied with the settlement, they have a right to appeal. The appeal will be considered by a director whose decision is then final.
- Levels of compensation and trends will be reported to the Executive Team as part of the monthly complaints reporting.



2.2 Qualifying Circumstances for compensation payments

2.2.1 Statutory and regulatory compensation

- Home Loss payments may be made to customers who have lived in their property for a minimum of 12 months and are required to move home permanently as a result of redevelopment or demolition of their home. (see Appendix 1)
- **Disturbance** payments may be made to people who are required to move to another property temporarily or to people who have lived at a property less than 12 months and are required to move home permanently. This payment is for reasonable moving costs. (see Appendix 1)
- Improvements if the tenancy is ending and tenant has completed improvements to the property after 1 April 1994 tenant may be entitled to compensation for those improvements. Claims must be submitted at least 28 days before the tenancy ends. This does not apply to fixed term tenancies. Note that Tenancy Agreements states that permission is needed from MSV to carry out any improvements and if permission is not requested, we will not award compensation. (See Appendix
- **Right to Repair** this scheme is regulation for Local Authorities and MSV *may* operate to cover specific repairs, known as 'qualifying repairs' which cost less than £250 and should be done within a set time limit. If we do not carry them out within that time the tenant may be entitled to compensation.
- Payment for damage to the property/belongings it is usually MSV's
 responsibility to insure the building and a customer's responsibility to insure
 the contents of their home. MSV has comprehensive insurance in place for all
 our properties and public liability insurance. Any claim against either of these
 policies will be forwarded to our insurer (see 2.5 below).

2.2.2 Discretionary compensation

It is important that customers are compensated fairly where MSV has failed to deliver to the standards expected, and that we spend our funds appropriately. If we are clearly responsible for a service failure, we can make a discretionary payment up to £500. This includes cases of inconvenience, hardship, distress or a 'making good' payment.

These payments are made subject to supporting evidence such as a receipt for costs incurred. Any award will take into account wear and tear and compensation will not be made on a new for old basis.



Discretionary compensation may be offered in the following circumstances:

- Failure by a member of MSV to keep a prearranged and confirmed appointment.
- Failure to attend to repairs within published or advised target times.
- Loss of facilities where a customer loses facilities for which they are paying rent or a service charge, it is reasonable we consider recompense depending on the service. If for example, gardening or window cleaning is not being carried out then this should be reflected in the reconciliation of the accounts. Customers should only be charged for the services completed.
- Loss or damage to personal property MSV has a responsibility for the
 actions of its staff and contractors who are employed as their agent. If any
 damage occurs whilst staff or a contractor is undertaking work on their behalf,
 MSV should ensure that it is made good. Either the customer should be
 directly compensated, or the contractor required to make good the damage.
- Service delivery in cases where MSV has failed to provide a service or it
 has not been delivered to the level expected as set out in service standards,
 it may be necessary to pay compensation.

MSV staff should be alert to situations where compensation might be payable as detailed in this policy and other associated policies, e.g. the complaints policy and work towards resolving the situation promptly without the need for the customer to make a claim. We will not rely on customers to advise us that they want to make a claim for compensation for us to act effectively. In many instances an apology may be what is required in addition to resolving the outstanding issue, for our customers to be assured that their issue has been taken on board and resolved satisfactorily. However, any claims made by our customers will be considered fairly.

Goodwill gestures

MSV Managers are empowered to make discretionary goodwill gestures such as a bunch of flowers or a small payment in respect of special hardship where we are not at fault. Payments in these circumstances are not an admission of liability but are designed as an apology and to restore good relations – even if compensation is not being claimed. The value must be no more than £250 and must be approved by the relevant Head of Service.

Housing Ombudsman determinations

This type of compensation is only awarded when the Housing Ombudsman has found that there has been maladministration. The amount depends on the circumstances of the case and is usually for time and trouble bringing a complaint or for distress and inconvenience experienced by the complainant.



2.3 Determining compensation as part of a formal complaint

Any staff member dealing with an informal complaint is empowered to offer the minimum compensation payment under short term impact where appropriate (i.e.£30).

Any staff member investigating and/or responding to a formal complaint may at any stage decide a level of compensation is appropriate.

The amount to be offered must be approved by the relevant staff member with the appropriate level of authorisation level within the delegatory framework.

This Compensation Policy should be consulted before any offer is made to the customer.

Staff should use the guidance below to decide if a compensation payment is appropriate as part of the resolution to a formal complaint:

Impact	Examples	Amount
Short term	Short term is defined as between one	£30 - £150
	day and up to 3 months	
	 Short delays in receiving a service for 	
	example a completion of a repair	
	 Failure to reply to correspondence or return 	ı
	phone calls	
	 Failure to meet service standards relating 	
	to actions and responses but where the failure	
	had no significant impact	
	 Where contradictory or confusing 	
	information is provided to the customer but	
	where it did not cause significant impact on the	
	customer or service delivery	
Medium term	 Medium term is defined as between 	
	three to 6 months	£150 - £500
	 Medium term delays in receiving a service 	
	for example repairs, or resolving the cause of	
	the complaint	
	 Misdirection or misinformation such as 	
	giving contradictory, inadequate or incorrect	
	information about a customer's rights (e.g. in	
	relation to providing temporary alternative	
	accommodation, mutual exchanges, or	
	preserved Right to Buy)	
	 Poor communication and a failure to keep 	
	customers informed causing customers to	
	repeatedly chase for updates	
	 Failure to act in accordance with a policy 	
	over a considerable period of time (e.g.	



	address repairs, respond to antisocial	
	behaviour, to make reasonable adjustments)	
Long term	moreLong term delays in receiving a service for	An amount over £500 will be considered

Key communal facilities

When lifts, entry phones or communal lighting is out of order for more than 28 days in two months, MSV will offer £25.00 and VAT.

Other claims for compensation are at the discretion of MSV and the assessment should be based on reasonableness.

Financial authorisation limits are in line with the delegatory framework.

Where a reasonable resolution exceeds the limit of the person dealing with the matter, they are responsible for seeking authorisation from the relevant staff member to resolve.

Authorisation of discretionary compensation payments must follow the limits set by the current delegatory framework.

Supporting documents are required when a compensation claim is submitted for approval.

2.4 Compensation will not be paid if any of the following applies

- MSV acted reasonably and complied with its statutory and contractual liabilities.
- When the loss or damage has been caused by the customer or a member of their family or visitor.
- When contractors cannot gain access to a customer's home to carry out a repair.
- When unforeseen works are required and the customer has been kept informed. Evidence of the contact with customer must be available.



- When the loss/damage is caused by another customer or neighbouring occupier (e.g. a leaking washing machine).
- When the customer has not reported the loss or damage within 3 months of incurring the loss or damage and has not retained damaged items claimed for inspection.
- The loss or damage occurred as a result of an alteration or improvement to the property or its facilities, carried out by the customer without the permission of MSV or completed to the required standard.
- The loss or damage has occurred from the act or negligence of a contractor or other third party not acting on behalf of MSV.
- Damage arising from a criminal act.
- Damage arising from the work of the emergency services.
- Damage arising from events that could not be foreseen or predicted (flood, storm, fire, civil unrest etc.).
- Noise or disturbance caused by building work.
- Cost of contacting us, unless it can be shown that repeated contact was necessary to register an enquiry that had not been registered previously.
 Repeat calls about a repair already reported would also not qualify for compensation.
- MSV is not responsible for the insurance of Customer's contents or personal belongings including bikes, cars or other vehicles parked on MSV land. Customers are expected to have all relevant personal insurance cover in place.
- Customer loss of earnings.

2.5 Potential Insurance claims

In all cases it should first be considered whether an insurance claim is appropriate. Any claims should be referred to initially to the Head of Finance to establish whether an insurance claim may be appropriate. This could be the case if:

- The claim is for a large sum.
- It is likely that there may be a future claim.
- The loss has resulted in MSV failing to act reasonably or acting negligently.
- The loss has been caused by a defect for failure to carry out a repair.
- Where an insurance claim is being made, no indication should be given either verbally or in writing that MSV accepts any liability, and any compensation cannot be considered until any claim has been settled/refused.

3. Responsibility and implementation

The Executive Director of Customers is responsible for ensuring that the MSV approach to compensation is appropriate and any trends are acted on in conjunction with the Head of Customer Experience who will maintain oversight in this area.



All claims of compensation are actioned by the appropriate manager of the service area.

The Head of Customer Experience will be responsible for the implementation of this policy.

4. Monitoring, Review and Evaluation

Performance relating to this policy will detail compensation payments for each service area and the associated service improvements to prevent repeat failures. Compensation amount will be monitored through the Complaints policy and reported to Customers & Communities Committee on a quarterly basis.

The policy will be reviewed every three years, or in line with changes made to associated policies such as the complaints policy.

5. Equality

We support a transparent and consistent approach when dealing with compensation. MSV will ensure that this policy is applied fairly to all our customers. We will not directly or indirectly discriminate against any person or group of people because of their race, religion, gender, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, or other grounds set out in our Equality and Diversity Policy Statement. Decisions to offer or refuse discretionary compensation will be based on facts alone.

MSV will consider the vulnerabilities of customers when assessing claims and any award that is determined.

An Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) has been carried out on this policy and customers have been consulted with as part of the review process. (see Appendix 3).

6. Legislation and associated Policies

- Equality Act 2010
- Landlord and Tenant Act 1985
- Data Protection Act 1998 Breaches pre-May 2018
- Data Protection Act 2018 [UK]
- General Data Protection Regulations 2018 [EU]
- Housing Act 2004
- Homes (Fitness for Human Habitation) Act 2018
- Complaints Policy 2020
- Equality and Diversity Policy Statement
- Repairs Policy



7. Appendices

Appendix 1 - Guidance for considering amount of compensation to offer

In the following situations (see 2.2.1) amount of compensation is predetermined.

- Right to Repair
- Home Loss and Disturbance payments

Repair related compensation

Where it is confirmed that an appointment we arranged between the customer and MSV has been missed through no fault of the customer, MSV will compensate £30 for a missed appointment. Staff are expected to update the customer if they are running late or early. In cases where an appointment is missed, MSV would only compensate if we failed to let customer know for example that a staff member could not attend due to sickness absence.

We will not award compensation for defects in new build properties; however compensation may be awarded in cases where the customer experiences service failure in the rectification of defects.

The loss of service charge facilities will be reimbursed through service charges. If there is a service failure made by MSV in dealing with the repair of the facility it may be possible to make a compensation payment. This will be down to circumstances, and decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis.

MSV has a commitment to attend to emergencies within 24 hours. It may be that when we first attend within 24 hours it is to assess and not fix, if e.g. our vans do not stock the necessary parts. In the case of heating loss, we may need to leave approved heaters until the repair is complete.

When dealing with vulnerable customers where loss of heating and hot water is of particular concern, MSV will aim to attend as soon as is possible within that 24-hour period but cannot guarantee.

With emergency appointments, if we do not attend within the 24-hour period, but it's found that the repair was not actually an emergency, compensation would not be applicable, and the job would be altered to reflect the actual priority.

When the failure to carry out repairs results in the loss or severe limitation of use of rooms or services for unreasonable periods, compensation based on the rent may be made in addition to any other compensation payable.



Compensation for the loss of a room or facility only applies when Customer has not been temporarily decanted by MSV.

If customer pays us rent, the following calculations will be used when there has been a loss of rooms or facilities due to maintenance or repair. If Customers do not pay rent a standard £30 payment will be made.

Rooms or service lost	Compensation due
Living room (after 10 working days)	20% weekly net rent
Bedroom (if used and after 10 working days)	20% weekly net rent
Kitchen (after 72 hours)	20% weekly net rent
Bathroom (after 72 hours)	20% weekly net rent
Loss of heating (after the first 48 hours during October to March	10% weekly net rent
only)	
Loss of hot water (after the first 48 hours)	10% weekly net rent
No sanitary provision of any kind (after 24 hours), no supply of	100% weekly net rent
cold water either from a tank or rising main, no habitable rooms	
(after the first 72 hours)	
Total loss of electricity supply (after 72 hours)	100% weekly net rent

MSV would not pay compensation for the loss of a room during improvement works even if those works went beyond the timescales in the policy. Only if the timescale was unreasonable due to the poor performance of the contractor would MSV pay compensation.

Appendix 2 Compensation for Improvements

Customers may be entitled to claim compensation for certain improvements they have made to their home at the end of their tenancy. Claims must be submitted at least 28 days before their tenancy ends. To claim compensation tenants must have fully complied with the following conditions:

- Obtained 3 quotes for the improvement and MSV agreed with the price and choice of contractor
- Our written permission was requested and obtained
- All building regulations and planning permission consents were obtained (if applicable) and fully complied with
- The improvement was post inspected by MSV and was to an acceptable standard

The amount of compensation will depend on the cost of the improvement and the quality, condition and age of the improvement.

Customers can claim compensation for the cost of materials and employed labour but not for removable of appliances, decoration, or their own labour. The amount payable will be to a maximum of £3000 for any one improvement but claims cannot be submitted for improvements that are £100 or less in value.



The amount of compensation payable is calculated taking into account depreciation of the improvement using the formula $C \times (1 - Y/N)$

Where:

- C = cost of improvement work minus any grant or other funding
- N = notional life of the improvement
- Y = number of years starting on the date on which the improvement was completed and ending on the tenancy end date (part of a year shall be counted as a year)

Improvements that can be claimed for and for their notional lives are:

Type of improvement	Improvement must be no older than
Install bath or shower	12 years
Install wash basin	12 years
Install WC	12 years
Fit kitchen sink	10 years
Fit kitchen units	10 years
Fit work surfaces for food preparation	10 years
Install space or water heating	12 years
Fit thermostatic radiator valves	7 years
Insulation of pipes, water tank or cylinder	10 years
Loft or cavity wall insulation	20 years
Draft proofing of external doors and windows	8 years
Double glazing or other external window replacement or secondary glazing	20 years
Rewiring or the provision of power and lighting or other electrical fittings (including smoke detectors)	15 years
Any object which improves security of the property but excluding burglar alarms	10 years

MSV may adjust the calculation by making an offer above or below the cost minus depreciation to reflect certain factors including if the deterioration in the quality of the improvement is greater than provided for its notional life or if the quality is considered to be significantly high.

In cases where a customer installs a measure that does not have a notional life defined above, we may be willing to consider compensation and will make an estimate of its notional life based on any product information available at that time.

Appendix 3 – Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)

Name of Policy:	Compensation
Date of Assessment /	28 February 2024
Review:	
Author:	Rick Bartlett
Who are the main	All service users and customers
stakeholders in relation to the	
function?	



Who will be consulted and what types of consultation will be carried out?		via Focus Group and remotely Team via email welcoming feedback		
Could the function have a differential impact on:		What evidence exists to support your analysis?		
Racial Groups	Yes	Some customers may have less understanding of the English language and so be unaware of the process.		
Gender or gender reassignment	No			
Disabled people	Yes	Customers with severe disability may not have capacity to understand the process.		
Age	No			
Sexuality	No			
Religion or belief	No			
Any other protected or vulnerable characteristic including marriage or civil partnerships, pregnancy, or maternity?	No			
If the answer is NO to <u>all</u> questions and no differential treatment has been found there is no requirement for a full Equality Impact Assessment. Please go back regularly and review the cycle. If the answer is YES to any of the questions, please complete the rest of the form.				
In what areas could the differential Ensure compensation leaflet has a strapline for identified be considered to have an customers who need information in a different adverse impact in this function and language. Ensure all staff are aware of compensation what solutions will be introduced to procedure. Availability of language line and translation overcome these adverse impacts?				
In what areas could the differer identified be considered a positimpact in this function and wha strategies will be introduced to safeguard and spread these positive impacts?	tive t			
Which Action Plans have these solutions/strategies been transferred into?	e Team (Operational Plans		